2023 Global Public HR Conference: Exploring a New Paradigm for Public HRD in Times of Al-triggered Innovation



The Promise of AI – How does the Public Service get 'Fit' for the Digital Age?

Dr Barbara Allen





Outline

- Introduction
- What do citizens think about AI?
- What do HR professionals think about AI?
 Results of a small survey
- Trust as a focal point for adaptation
- Transparency and protecting privacy must drive evolution in public sector





Tēnā koutou e hoa mā

Ko Mount Martin te maunga

Ko Ottawa River te awa

No toku whānau Airangi, Kōtarana

Ngā mihi nui ki a koutou















Is AI really a threat to jobs?

• May 2023, 4000 jobs were to Al in the US

 Global consulting firm McKinsey has said 12 million American workers will need to switch jobs by 2030 as a consequence of generative Al

Andrew Lensen, The Conversation October 5 2023





Is AI a problem for the public sector?

• Social media and rise of misinformation

• Human-like AI bots – contribute to threats

Andrew Lensen, The Conversation October 5 2023





What do citizens think of AI? (1)

Some acceptance by citizens for AI in general services – General administration, social and eduation, general security and health, general infrastructure(not directed at specific individuals)

Reference: Gesk & Leyer (2022) 'Artificial intelligence in public services: When and why citizens accept its usage'





What do citizens think of AI?(2)

Individuals consider an AI-led decision to be lower in 'red-tape', and trustworthiness than a decision by a human

Reference: Ingrams, Kaufmann & Jacobs(2021) 'In AI we trust? Citizen perceptions of AI in government decision-making'





Human Resources Institute of New Zealand Survey 2023 (1)

- Small survey September 2023 'AI in HR Threat or Opportunity'
- Current use only 27% indicated AI currently used in HR processes
 - CV screening, learning & development, HR analytics; also candidate sourcing, Help Desk, Onboarding, workforce planning, drafting job adverts, reviewing HR policies
 - 'starting point'





Human Resources Institute of New Zealand Survey 2023 (2)

- Respondents indicated improved efficiency and streamlined administrative procedures were the key impacts of AI
- Over 40% believed privacy and data security were concerns





Human Resources Institute of New Zealand Survey 2023 (3)

- 56% perceive a lack of human interaction in employment processes
- Over 30% not confident about accuracy and fairness of AI driven employment processes





Trust

- Do citizens trust government in its use of Artificial Intelligence?
- How will HR professionals ensure citizens can trust use of AI?





Trust

- Challenges: Abdication Doing 'to' versus doing 'with' Visibility of ethics Transparency
- Training







What does the New Zealand Public Service Act say about trust

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New Zealand Public Service Act: Values

Public service values and minimum standards of integrity and conduct

- 16 Public service values
- (1) The public service values are to seek—

Impartial

- (a) to treat all people fairly, without personal favour or bias: *Accountable*
- (b) to take responsibility and answer for its work, actions, and *Trustworthy*
- (c) to act with integrity and be open and transparent: *Respectful*
- (d) to treat all people with dignity and compassion and act with humility: *Responsive*
- (e) to understand and meet people's needs and aspirations.







Public Management Frameworks

	'Traditional' Public Administration' or bureaucracy	'New' Public Management'	Networked Governance	NEW PARADIGM
Environment	Stable	Competitive	Evolving	Chaotic
Human Context	Homogenous	Atomised	Diverse, connected	Digitized

We need to focus on trust









UNCLASSIFIED

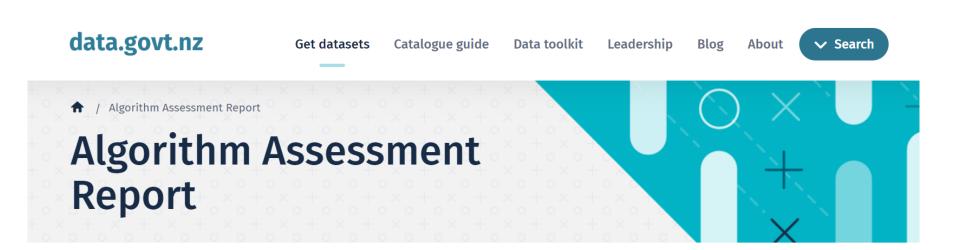
Initial advice on Generative Artificial Intelligence in the public service

Joint guidance from data, digital, procurement, privacy and cyber security system leaders on responsible and trustworthy use of Generative Artificial Intelligence (GenAl) across the New Zealand Public Service.

July 2023.







This report summarises the self assessments of fourteen government agencies and their use of algorithms, focusing on areas that most directly impact decisions related to people.





New Zealand Privacy Commissioner and Government Chief Data Steward

- Six principles for safe and effective use of data and analytics by government agencies
 - Deliver clear public benefit
 - Maintain transparency
 - Understand the limitations
 - Retain human oversight
 - Ensure data is fit for purpose
 - Focus on people





Transparency

- Inspectability of algorithms
 - New Zealand tending to build government AI tools in-house – know how the tools will work
 - Example: Social Investment
- Intelligibility beyond knowing how an AI system works – are decisions actually understood?
 - Add on an 'explanation system' algorithm bolted on, simple model of how it works





Public access to information

- Public should know what AI systems their government uses as well as how they perform
- Systems need to be regularly evaluated, summary results made available to public in systematic format

Zerilli & Gavaghan (2019) https://theconversation.com/call-for-independentwatchdog-to-monitor-nz-government-use-of-artificial-intelligence-117589







Artificial intelligence and the Information Privacy Principles

September 2023



Summary: Getting 'fit'

• Basic AI knowledge for all

- Privacy, security, and ethics training for all

- Focus on 'trust'
 - Make sure there is a 'human in the loop'
 - We must always be able to demonstrate transparency and accountability
- Contribute to discussions and policy on regulatory oversight





Thank you

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